

Sydney Environmental Group Pty Ltd  
Unit 63/45 Huntley St  
Alexandria  
NSW 2015



NATA Accredited  
Accreditation Number 1261  
Site Number 18217

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing  
NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition  
Arrangement for the mutual recognition of the  
equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration,  
inspection, proficiency testing scheme providers and  
reference materials producers reports and certificates.

Attention: Patrick Brown  
Report 954167-AFC  
Project Name CORAL SEA PARK AAM  
Project ID 1203  
Received Date Jan 09, 2023  
Date Reported Jan 09, 2023

#### METHODOLOGY:

Asbestos Sampling Sampling as per the National Occupational Health & Safety Commission – Guidance Note on The Membrane Filter Method For Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres 2nd Edition [NOHSC:3003(2005)] and the NATA Specific Accreditation Criteria, ISO/IEC 17025 Application Document Life Sciences – Annex, Asbestos sampling and testing, Issued: March 2021.

Pump Calibration Air sampling pump performance has been assessed in accordance with Australian Institute of Occupational Hygiene (AIOH) Technical Paper Air Sampling Pumps: Equipment Calibration Requirements. Pump flow rate measurement equipment (e.g. Field Rotameter) has been calibrated in accordance with AIOH Technical Paper Flow Measurement Equipment: Calibration Requirements.

Asbestos Counting Fibre counting is conducted in accordance with the National Occupational Health & Safety Commission Guidance Note on the Membrane Filter Method For Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres 2nd Edition , [NOHSC:3003(2005)] (MFM) and supplementary work instruction in-house LTM-ASB-8010. Unless specifically noted, analysis is undertaken by approved analysts at the base facility. Fibre counts (Fibres/fields) are covered by the facility's NATA scope of accreditation. The requirements of the NATA Specific Accreditation Criteria, ISO/IEC 17025 Application Document Life Sciences – Annex, Asbestos sampling and testing, Issued: March 2021 are realised.

**Project Name** CORAL SEA PARK AAM  
**Project ID** 1203  
**Date Sampled** Jan 06, 2023  
**Report** 954167-AFC

Eurofins Sample No.	Client Sample ID	Pump ID	Location	Start (time)	End (time)	Start Flow Rate (L/min)	End Flow Rate (L/min)	Result (Fibres/Fields)	Result (Fibres/mL)
23-Ja0004320	DE782763	90228	AM01	7:00	15:01	1.0	1.0	0/100	< 0.01
23-Ja0004321	DE782647	92465	AM02	7:01	15:02	1.0	1.0	0/100	< 0.01
23-Ja0004322	DE782672	91891	AM03	7:02	15:03	1.0	1.0	0/100	< 0.01
23-Ja0004323	DE782663	--	BLANK	--	--	--	--	0/100	--

**Sample History**

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction is reported.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

<b>Description</b>	<b>Testing Site</b>	<b>Extracted</b>	<b>Holding Time</b>
Asbestos - LTM-ASB-8010	Sydney	Jan 09, 2023	Indefinite

<b>Company Name:</b>	Sydney Environmental Group Pty Ltd	<b>Order No.:</b>		<b>Received:</b>	Jan 9, 2023 12:00 AM
<b>Address:</b>	Unit 63/45 Huntley St Alexandria NSW 2015	<b>Report #:</b>	954167	<b>Due:</b>	Jan 9, 2023
<b>Project Name:</b>	CORAL SEA PARK AAM	<b>Phone:</b>	1300 884 164	<b>Priority:</b>	Same day
<b>Project ID:</b>	1203	<b>Fax:</b>		<b>Contact Name:</b>	Patrick Brown
<b>Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Asim Khan</b>					

<b>Sample Detail</b>						Asbestos Fibre Count & Concentration
<b>Sydney Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 18217</b>						X
<b>External Laboratory</b>						
No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID	
1	DE782763	Jan 06, 2023		Air	S23-Ja0004320	X
2	DE782647	Jan 06, 2023		Air	S23-Ja0004321	X
3	DE782672	Jan 06, 2023		Air	S23-Ja0004322	X
4	DE782663	Jan 06, 2023		Air	S23-Ja0004323	X
<b>Test Counts</b>						4

## Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary General

1. QC data may be available on request.
2. All soil results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
3. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
4. Information identified on this report with the colour **blue** indicates data provided by customer that may have an impact on the results.
5. Information identified on this report with the colour **orange** indicates sections of the report not covered by the laboratory's scope of NATA accreditation.
6. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

## Holding Times

Please refer to the most recent version of the 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported. Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

## Units

% w/w:	Percentage weight-for-weight basis, e.g. of asbestos in asbestos-containing finds in soil samples ( <b>% w/w</b> )
F/fld	Airborne fibre filter loading as Fibres ( <b>N</b> ) per Fields counted ( <b>n</b> )
F/mL	Airborne fibre reported concentration as Fibres per millilitre of air drawn over the sampler membrane ( <b>C</b> )
g, kg	Mass, e.g. of whole sample ( <b>M</b> ) or asbestos-containing find within the sample ( <b>m</b> )
g/kg	Concentration in grams per kilogram
L, mL	Volume, e.g. of air as measured in AFM ( <b>V = r x t</b> )
L/min	Airborne fibre sampling Flowrate as litres per minute of air drawn over the sampler membrane ( <b>r</b> )
min	Time ( <b>t</b> ), e.g. of air sample collection period

## Calculations

Airborne Fibre Concentration: 
$$C = \left(\frac{A}{a}\right) \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{V}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = K \times \left(\frac{N}{n}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{V}\right)$$

Asbestos Content (as asbestos): 
$$\% w/w = \frac{(m \times P_A)}{M}$$

Weighted Average (of asbestos): 
$$\%_{WA} = \frac{\sum (m \times P_A) \times x}{x}$$

## Terms

<b>%asbestos</b>	Estimated percentage of asbestos in a given matrix. May be derived from knowledge or experience of the material, informed by HSG264 <i>Appendix 2</i> , else assumed to be 15% in accordance with WA DOH <i>Appendix 2 (PA)</i> .
<b>ACM</b>	Asbestos Containing Materials. Asbestos contained within a non-asbestos matrix, typically presented in bonded (non-friable) condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, ACM corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm.
<b>AF</b>	Asbestos Fines. Asbestos contamination within a soil sample, as defined by WA DOH. Includes loose fibre bundles and small pieces of friable and non-friable material such as asbestos cement fragments mixed with soil. Considered under the NEPM as equivalent to "non-bonded / friable".
<b>AFM</b>	Airborne Fibre Monitoring, e.g. by the MFM.
<b>Amosite</b>	Amosite Asbestos Detected. Amosite may also refer to Fibrous Grunerite or Brown Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
<b>AS</b>	Australian Standard.
<b>Asbestos Content (as asbestos)</b>	Total % w/w asbestos content in asbestos-containing finds in a soil sample ( <b>% w/w</b> ).
<b>Chrysotile</b>	Chrysotile Asbestos Detected. Chrysotile may also refer to Fibrous Serpentine or White Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
<b>COC</b>	Chain of Custody.
<b>Crocidolite</b>	Crocidolite Asbestos Detected. Crocidolite may also refer to Fibrous Riebeckite or Blue Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
<b>Dry</b>	Sample is dried by heating prior to analysis.
<b>DS</b>	Dispersion Staining. Technique required for Unequivocal Identification of asbestos fibres by PLM.
<b>FA</b>	Fibrous Asbestos. Asbestos containing material that is wholly or in part friable, including materials with higher asbestos content with a propensity to become friable with handling, and any material that was previously non-friable and in a severely degraded condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, FA generally corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm, although FA may be more difficult to visibly distinguish and may be assessed as AF.
<b>Fibre Count</b>	Total of all fibres (whether asbestos or not) meeting the counting criteria set out in the NOHSC:3003
<b>Fibre ID</b>	Fibre Identification. Unequivocal identification of asbestos fibres according to AS 4964-2004. Includes Chrysotile, Amosite (Grunerite) or Crocidolite asbestos.
<b>Friable</b>	Asbestos-containing materials of any size that may be broken or crumbled by hand pressure. For the purposes of the NEPM, this includes both AF and FA. It is outside of the laboratory's remit to assess degree of friability.
<b>HSG248</b>	UK HSE HSG248, <i>Asbestos: The Analysts Guide</i> , 2nd Edition (2021).
<b>HSG264</b>	UK HSE HSG264, <i>Asbestos: The Survey Guide</i> (2012).
<b>ISO (also ISO/IEC)</b>	International Organization for Standardization / International Electrotechnical Commission.
<b>K Factor</b>	Microscope constant ( <b>K</b> ) as derived from the effective filter area of the given AFM membrane used for collecting the sample ( <b>A</b> ) and the projected eyepiece graticule area of the specific microscope used for the analysis ( <b>a</b> ).
<b>LOR</b>	Limit of Reporting.
<b>MFM (also NOHSC:3003)</b>	Membrane Filter Method. As described by the Australian Government National Occupational Health and Safety Commission, <i>Guidance Note on the Membrane Filter Method for Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres</i> , 2nd Edition [NOHSC:3003(2005)].
<b>NEPM (also ASC NEPM)</b>	National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, (2013, as amended).
<b>Organic</b>	Organic Fibres Detected. Organic may refer to Natural or Man-Made Polymeric Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
<b>PCM</b>	Phase Contrast Microscopy. As used for Fibre Counting according to the MFM.
<b>PLM</b>	Polarised Light Microscopy. As used for Fibre Identification and Trace Analysis according to AS 4964-2004.
<b>SMF</b>	Synthetic Mineral Fibre Detected. SMF may also refer to Man Made Vitreous Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
<b>SRA</b>	Sample Receipt Advice.
<b>Trace Analysis</b>	Analytical procedure used to detect the presence of respirable fibres (particularly asbestos) in a given sample matrix.
<b>UK HSE HSG</b>	United Kingdom, Health and Safety Executive, Health and Safety Guidance, publication.
<b>UMF</b>	Unidentified Mineral Fibre Detected. Fibrous minerals that are detected but have not been unequivocally identified by PLM with DS according the AS 4964-2004. May include (but not limited to) Actinolite, Anthophyllite or Tremolite asbestos.
<b>WA DOH</b>	Reference document for the NEPM. Government of Western Australia, <i>Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated Sites in Western Australia</i> (updated 2021), including Appendix Four: <i>Laboratory analysis</i>
<b>Weighted Average</b>	Combined average % w/w asbestos content of all asbestos-containing finds in the given aliquot or total soil sample ( <b>%<sub>WA</sub></b> ).

